LEVEL B1.1

Objectives

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- 1. Understand and produce social constructions. Express in an oral form, using the proper communication strategies, simple enunciations related to daily life and to personal experience
- Understand texts of a conversational, descriptive, expositive and narrative nature, related to personal experiences and events that take place in daily life
- 3. Master communication in conversations telephone calls
- 4. Elaborate written texts which explain, describe or narrate aspects related to the subjects and contents of this level. Personal correspondence

Functional contents

1. To provide and ask for information I

- 1.1. To identify
- 1.2. To provide and ask for information
- 1.3. To describe and compare

2. To narrate I

- 2.1. To narrate following the prototypical process
- 2.2. To insert descriptive and dialogical sequences

3. To give an opinion and judge I

- 3.1. To express in simple terms opinions and judgements
- 3.2. To express agreement and disagreement

4. To express knowledge, lack of knowledge and skill I

- 5. To express obligation and necessity I
- 6. To express likings, preferences and interests I
 - 6.1. To ask about and express likings and interests
 - 6.2. To ask about and express preferences

7. To express plans and intentions I

8. To express wishes, feelings and sensations I

- 8.1. To express wishes
- 8.2. To express feelings
- 8.3. To express physical and emotional sensations





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9. Influence on others I

- 9.1. To give instructions
- 9.2. To offer and invite
- 9.3. To accept and reject
- 9.4. To propose and suggest
- 9.5. To ask for help, for permission, for a favour...
- 9.6. To advise

10. Social uses of language under informal circumstances

- 10.1. To greet and bid farewell
- 10.2. To introduce oneself and react to an introduction
- 10.3. To apologize and react to an apology
- 10.4. To be grateful
- 10.5. To express oneself in other social situations
- 10.6. To express courteous wishes

9. How to structure discourse II

10. Spelling I

- 10.1. The alphabet
- 10.2. Spelling of letters and words: why/because ("por qué/porque"); numbers and digits
- 10.3. Spelling of capital letters and lower case
- 10.4. Spelling of verbal forms
- 10.5. Accentuation: distinction between types of words and recognizing stressed syllables
- 10.6. Punctuation: Basic uses of full stop, hyphen and coma; interrogation and exclamation marks; parenthesis

Grammar contents

1. The substantive I

- 1.1. Types of substantive
- 1.2. Gender and number of substantives

2. The adjective

- 2.1. Types of adjectives. Position Oualifying and relational adjectives
- 2.2. Gender and number of adjective
- 2.3. Grades of the adjective: positive, comparative and superlative

3. Demonstratives

- 3.1. Values and meaning
- 3.2. Syntactic distribution

4. Possessives

- 4.1. Stressed and unstressed forms
- 4.2. Syntactic distribution

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- 5.1. Own quantifiers: numerals, universals and non universals
- 5.2. Gradative quantifiers: comparatives of quantity
- 5.3. Focal or presuppositional quantifiers: includers

6. The personal pronoun I

- 6.1. Subject pronoun. Form, Presence/ absence and values/ meaning 6.2. Unstressed pronouns as Direct Object: absence, complete series, neutral pronoun " lo"
- 6.3. Unstressed pronouns as Indirect Object: complete series. Verbs like "gustar" (to like)
- 6.4. Values of SE
- 6.5. Stressed pronouns as prepositional complements

7. Interrogatives

8. Basic prepositions

9. The verb I

- 9.1. Indicative
 - 9.1.1. Present
 - 9.1.2. Present perfect
 - 9.1.3. Preterite
 - 9.1.4. Imperfect indicative: normal, descriptive and expression of circumstance
 - 9.1.5. Future: temporary value
 - 9.1.6. Contrasts:

Present/ Present perfect Present perfect / preterit Imperfect / present perfect / preterit

9.2. Subjunctive

9.2.1. Present: regulars and irregularities inherited from the present indicative; irregularities with regards to theme and root. Temporary adverbial subordinates (when, "cuando")

- 9.3. Affirmative imperative, regulars and irregulars. Pronoun position
- 9.4. Non personal forms: infinitive, gerund and participle.
- 9.5. Verbal periphrases
- 9.6. Contrast of to be, "ser / estar / haber"

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